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#### 1 Kiosk technology kit 2 3 This invention relates to computer systems, in particular, interfacing personal computers (PCs) to 4 5 peripherals in a multi-media kiosk applications. 6 In an embedded environment such as a kiosk, a PC needs to 3 be configured and supported with additional hardware to C) provide system reliability and robustness and multiple 10 device interfaces. 11 12 In the prior art systems are known for embedding standard 13 PC hardware within a kiosk application. Such a system is provided by Coynet UK Limited that uses hardware 14 containing an embedded processor on a control circuit 15 16 board programmed to influence the PC in a kiosk application. During initialisation of the PC, or if the 17 18 PC control program is not in operation, the processor 19 automatically detects potential vulnerability in the 20 system and automatically takes steps to prevent use of 21. this system until it is once more stable and secure.

2 A significant problem with this and other known prior art 2 solutions to is the inefficient use of input/output (I/O) 3 ports of the PC. I/O ports such as serial RS-232 ports 4 are needed for communication with kiosk peripherals such 5 as coin mechanisms, note readers, meters for counting, 6 card readers and printers. 7 . 8 Even more ports, including RS-232 and motherboard 9 expansion slots (e.g. PCI, Peripheral Component 10 Interconnect) are needed for hardware used to monitor the health and security of the PC, for example, controlling 11 12 the power supply and monitoring the software and hardware 13 state of the PC. An uninterruptable power supply (UPS) is 14 desirable for monitoring and control of power to the 15 motherboard and this is typically monitored and 16 controlled by the motherboard itself using an RS-232 port. A watchdog capability is useful to monitor the 17 18 state of the PC and this typically requires a processor 19 unit (e.g. a microcontroller) external to the motherboard connected to the motherboard via a RS-232 port and other 20 21 connectors on the motherboard. In a kiosk system it is 22 desirable to have digital Digital Input/Output (DIO), and 23 this typically is achieved by using a PCI slot on the 24 motherboard with a DIO card or by having an RS-232 port 25 connection to a DIO device. An embedded system can be 26 further improved with the ability to store customer 27 specific data in non-volatile memory in order to provide

28 security features, and this is typically achieved with 29 the use of a PCI slot, an RS-232 port or a parallel port. 30 Another desirable features is output to an amplifier and

31 speaker which is typically done through a PCI slot with a

32 sound card. Communication with other processor such as

using the  $I^2C$  (Inter-IC) bus would typically use another 33

)

PCI slot the motherboard for a communications adapter 1. 2 card. The I2C bus is a standard two-wire serial bus used 3 in a variety of microcontroller-based embedded 4 applications for control, diagnostics and power 5 management. Yet another feature possible in an embedded system is monitoring of the state of batteries connected 6 to the uninterruptable power supply, and this could be 7 achieved using hardware connected to another port of the 8 PC. 9 10 It can be seen that there are not enough ports on a 11 12 standard PC motherboard to supply all of the connectivity 13 to kiosks peripherals and for all of the desirable functions listed above. The conventional approach to 14 this problem is to provide port expansion hardware, 15 typically occupying a PCI slot with a bank of UARTs 16 (Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitters) controlled 17 by a microcontroller. The problem with this approach is 18 19 the cost and the complexity of software event handlers needed to control all of the peripherals attached via the 20 21 bank of UARTs. It is not possible with this approach to use a standard plug and play architecture for added 22 applications on the host PC because special event handler 23 code needs to be written at the microcontroller level or 24 a special abstraction layer and API (Application 25 Programming Interface) needs to developed. 26 27 It would be advantageous to provide an architecture and a 2₹ control module that fulfilled all of the desirable 29 peripheral connection needs and all of the control 30 functions for a PC in an embedded application such as a 31 32 kiosk.

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It is an object of the present invention to provide a
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     control module and architecture that occupies one
     expansion slot on a PC motherboard while providing a
     plurality of functions and ports needed for embedding a
  5
     motherboard in a kiosk application environment.
  6
     According to a first aspect of the present invention,
     there is provided a control module comprising:
  8
          a motherboard bus connector for communication with a
  C)
 10
          motherboard;
          a motherboard bus to serial port bridge module;
 11
 12
          at least one serial port connector; and
 13
          a processor module.
14
     Preferably the control module is adapted to provide at
15
     least one peripheral control port for said motherboard.
16.
17
18
     Preferably the processor module comprises a monitoring
19
     means for monitoring the state of said motherboard.
20
21
     Typically, the monitoring means further monitors the
22
     state of software running on said motherboard.
23
    Preferably the processor module has a battery power
24
25
     supply separate from the PC power supply.
26
27
    Preferably processor module further comprises a power
    supply monitoring means for monitoring the state of a
28
29
    power supply supplying said motherboard.
30
3]
    According to a second aspect of the present invention,
    there is provided a system comprising a motherboard and
32
33
    the control module in accordance with the first aspect.
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]. Preferably the system further comprises a socket server 2 means for providing event handlers for at least one 3 serial port corresponding to said at least one serial 4 port connector and operating substantially in between the 5 application layer and the operating system layer of the (· 7 software executing on the motherboard. :3 More preferably, the system further comprises a socket Ç١ server means for providing event handlers for said at 10 least one peripheral control port and operating 11 substantially in between the application layer and the 12 operating system layer of the software executing on the 13 14 motherboard. 15 Preferably, the system further comprises a battery, a 16 power supply and a battery management circuit wherein an 17 electrical connection between said battery and said power 18 supply is diverted through said battery management 19 circuit and said battery management circuit is controlled 20 by said processor module. 21 22 In order to provide a better understanding of the present 23 invention, an embodiment will now be described by way of 24 example only and with reference to the accompanying 25 26 figures in which: 27 Figure 1 illustrates in schematic form a control 28 module in accordance with the present invention; 29 30 Figure 2 illustrates in schematic form a software 31

architecture in accordance with the present

33 invention; and

ì

1 Figure 3 illustrates in schematic form a system including a control module, a peripheral interface 3 module and peripherals in accordance with the 4 5 present invention. Figure 4 illustrates in schematic form a power 6 7 supply system in accordance with the present 8 invention. Ō The invention is a card for connecting to a PC 10 11 motherboard that functions to provide serial port expansion, digital I/O port (DIO) expansion and control 12 13 functions for a PC in an embedded environment. 14 15 With reference to Figure 1, the control module 10 is shown comprising a PCI connector 11, a PCI/RS-232 bridge 16 chip 12 comprising four UARTs with output to a single 17 18 multifunction connector 13 that includes three RS-232 ports 14 and two eight-bit DIO ports 15. 19 20 21 One RS-232 port from the bridge chip is connected to a 22 processor module which is a microcontroller unit 16 that includes FLASH EEPROM memory 17 and boot loader ROM 18. 23 24 A Dallas iButton 19 from Dallas Semiconductor Corp. is 25 26 provided for measuring temperature, providing further 27 non-volatile memory (EEPROM), a real time clock and a 28 unique serial number. The serial number is used for provision of security features, including software 29 30 licence verification, thus acting as a 'dongle'. 31 A power supply controller circuit 110 and connection 111 32 to the host motherboard's power supply unit is provided. 33

The microcontroller has its own back-up battery supply 1 115. An amplifier driver 112 for a speaker 113 and an  $I^2C$ 2 Bus interface 114 are also provided. 3 4 A motherboard interface 116 has a connector 117 for a 5, cable to the motherboard reset and power on pins. 6 7 The microcontroller performs a number of key tasks and 8 communicates with the host motherboard via the PCI slot. 9 The full utilisation of the microcontroller requires 10 installation of a socket server layer (described below 11 with reference to Figure 2) and a power control API on the 12 13 host system. 14 The microcontroller provides management of the power 15 system including the UPS and provides automatic shutdown 16 of the system after a preset period of AC (alternating 17 current) power loss. This is set to 3 minutes normally. 18 In addition, some motherboard / operating system 19 combinations can behave differently with respect to AC 20 power loss and restart conditions. The microcontroller is 21 programmed to automatically restart the system after 22. power restoration and deal with any issues related to 23 ACPM/BIOS (Advanced Configuration and Power Management / 24 25 Basic Input/Output System). 26 27 If the host system hangs, there may be now no way to recover the system other than a full hardware reboot. The 28 microcontroller can detect when the system hangs and 29 automatically reboot. This can be programmed to cycle a 30 number of times to try to recover the system. Reboot 31 status is held within the microcontroller or iButton 32 33 EEPROM.

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1 The microcontroller or iButton EEPROM stores factory set-Ž up data to aid situations where remote management is being used or for a quick status inspection in the field. 5 A 2x16 character LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) can be 6 fitted to the control module to display system 7 information. Factory device identity and local error 8: codes can be displayed to provide assistance in 9 10 diagnosing field problems. 11 The microcontroller is connected to the multifunction 12 13 connector to provide a number of DIO ports for control applications. The DIO control lines are configured as 14 inputs and outputs for system interfacing and control. 15 All lines are fully buffered to TTL (Transistor-16 Transistor Logic) (5V) level. Examples of input signals 17 are alarm state, paper low and interlocks. Examples of 18 output signals are coin light and alarm reset. All output 19 control lines are taken via a buffer and can sink/source 20 21 200mA. A suitable external buffer device would be 22 required to control larger currents. 23 24 With reference to Figure 2 a software architecture 20 25 according to the present invention is shown 26 schematically. A serial port driver 21 connects to serial ports 22. The operating system layer 23 contains 27 sockets 24, which are interfaced via a software protocol to a socket server layer 25. The serial event handlers are a module 26 in the socket server layer.

provides an advantage over the prior art where serial event handlers are written in the firmware of a 32

microcontroller unit in a serial port expansion module 33

1 along with several costly UARTs. Finally, the 2 application layer 27 is on top of the socket server 3 layer. Ļ 5 In order to provide system integrators with a simple 6 means of controlling peripherals, the socket server layer is provided as a run-time device manager based on a Windows™ sockets interface. An additional ActiveX™ 9 component is also provided which, when combined with the Ç١ 10 socket server layer allows device control directly from 11 HTML (HyperText Markup Language) and Java™ script. This 12 considerably reduces the complexity of application 13 development, allowing simple scripting to be used to control all devices. 14 15 With reference to Figure 3 there is a PC 30 containing a 16 17 controller module according to the present invention 18 connected by a ribbon cable 31 (from the connector 13 of Figure 1) to a peripheral interface module 32. This 19 20 Figure demonstrates how the controller module can be used to embed a PC in a kiosk application. A large number of 21 peripherals 33 are connected to the PC using its own 22 23 ports, the ports of the controller module and through the connectors of the peripheral interface module. 24 25 The motherboard is a standard micro-ATX (Advanced 26 Technology eXtended) form factor PC mainboard. Compared 27 to standard ATX, it enables smaller, cost-reduced system 28 29 designs. For example, the mainboard square area is 30 reduced to approx. 92 square inches. It typically contains integrated graphics and audio, 2 DIMMs (Dual In 31 line Memory Modules) and a maximum of 3 PCI slots. 32.

ì With reference to Figure 4 there is a power supply 40 for 1 2 embedding within the kiosk environment. The control module contains a connection 41 to a battery management 4 circuit 42. The UPS 43 is a BiUPS® (Built-In UPS) from 5 Magnum Power Solutions Limited, which has output control Е signals 44, a NiCd back-up battery 45 and an AC (alternating current) input 46. It provides the host 8 computer system power distribution board 47 with embedded 9 un-interruptible protection of the UPS power output 48. 10 It occupies the same mechanical outline as an internal 11 switched-mode power supply. 12 13 The degree of protection depends on the capacity of the 14 back-up battery. The standard BiUPS system has two states 15 for the charging of the back-up battery: fast and trickle 16charge. The problem with this is that the NiCd battery is 17 not optimally conditioned. In this embodiment, the system 18 is improved by diverting the electrical connection 49 of 19 the NiCd battery to the BiUPS power supply through a 20 battery management circuit that is controlled by the 21 microcontroller. This battery management function, combined with the other power supply control signals 22 23 between the power supply and the microcontroller, allow 24 the monitoring and control of the optimum charging 25 conditions of the back-up battery.

- 27 Further modifications and improvements may be added
- 28 without departing from the scope of the invention herein
- 29 described

1	CLAII	MS
2		
3	1.	A control module comprising:
Ą		a motherboard bus connector for communication
5,		with a motherboard;
٤,		a motherboard bus to serial port bridge module;
7		at least one serial port connector; and
8		a processor module.
Č١		
10	2.	The control module of Claim 1 adapted to provide at
11		least one peripheral control port for said
12		motherboard.
13		
14	3.	The control module of any previous Claim wherein the
15		processor module comprises a monitoring means for
16		monitoring the state of said motherboard.
17		
18	4.	The control module of Claim 3 wherein the monitoring
19		means further monitors the state of software running
20		on said motherboard.
21.		
22	5.	The control module of any previous Claim wherein the
23		processor module has a battery power supply separate
24		from the PC power supply.
25		
26	6.	The control module of any previous Claim wherein the
27		processor module further comprises a power supply
28		monitoring means for monitoring the state of a power
29		supply supplying said motherboard.
30		
31	7.	A system comprising a motherboard and the control
32		module of any previous Claim.

1 The system of Claim 7 further comprising a socket 1 2 server means for providing event handlers for at least one serial port corresponding to said at least 4 one serial port connector and operating 5 substantially in between the application layer and 6 the operating system layer of the software executing 7 on the motherboard. 8 Č١ The system of Claim 7 further comprising a socket 9. server means for providing event handlers for said 10 at least one peripheral control port and operating 11 substantially in between the application layer and 12

the operating system layer of the software executing

14 15

13

16 10. The system of any previous Claim further comprising 17 a battery, a power supply and a battery management circuit wherein an electrical connection between 18 19 said battery and said power supply is diverted through said battery management circuit and said 20 21 battery management circuit is controlled by said 22 processor module.

on the motherboard.

(Figure 1) 1 ABSTRACT 2 Kiosk technology kit 3 A control module 10 and socket server architecture that 4 occupies one expansion slot on a PC motherboard providing 5, several functions and ports needed for embedding a 6 motherboard in a kiosk application environment. The 7 control module includes a motherboard bus connector 11, a 8 motherboard bus to serial port bridge module 12, at least 9 one serial port connector 13 and a processor module 16. 10

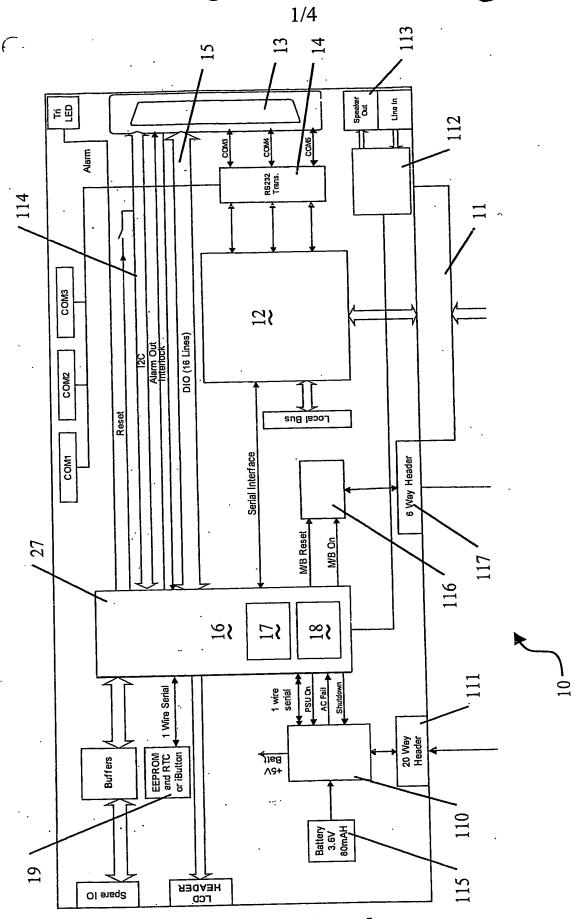


Fig. 1

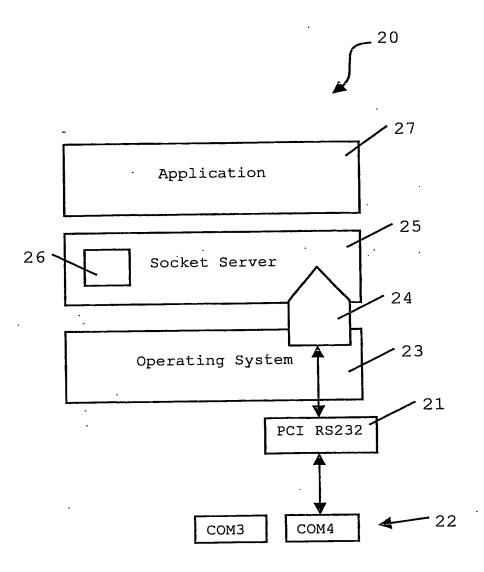
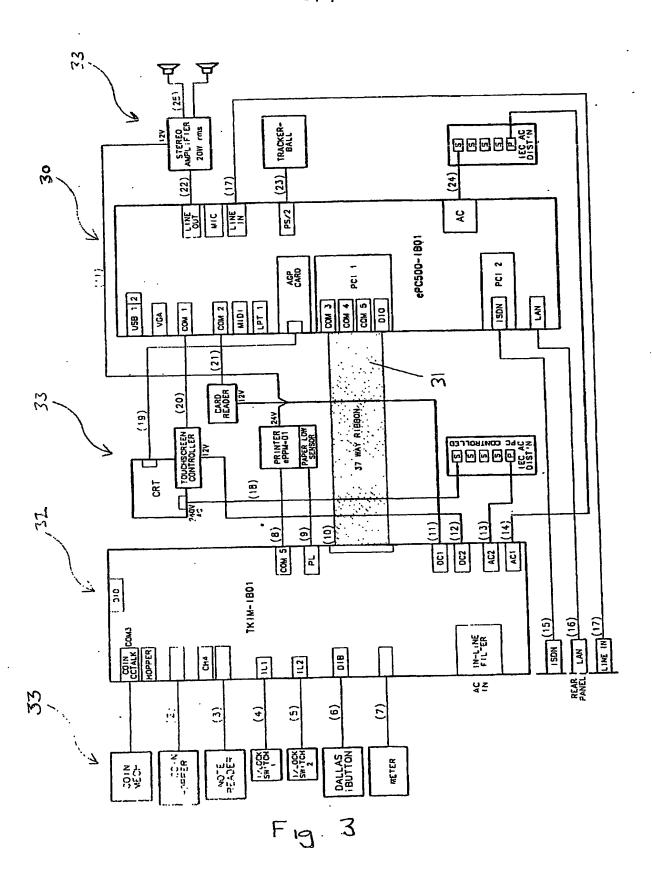


Fig. 2



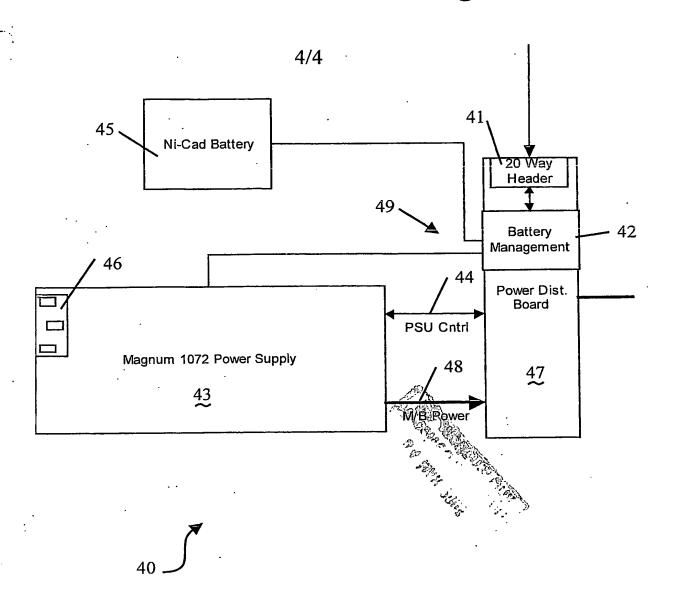


Fig. 4

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